

# SANT' ANNA CAPTAIN REPORTS FIRE OUT; VESSEL SAFE

WEATHER—Partly cloudy to-night and Tuesday.

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EDITION

**The**



**World.**

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## QUARREL IN VIENNA OVER DUMBA RECALL; AUSTRIANS PUT BLAME ON BERNSTORFF

### SPIES ANNOY ALLIES' ENVOYS HERE TO GET BIG WAR LOAN FROM THE AMERICAN BANKS

Supposed German Agents Watch Every Move Made by the Commissioners. PRESSURE ON THE BANKS. Mysterious Agents at Biltmore as Financial Men Arrive to Discuss Plan.

Barriers of unusual secrecy and precaution have been erected around the visiting delegation of British and French financiers who are in New York to arrange for foreign loans and credits.

The German spy corps has been turned on the visitors personally and the insidious efforts of the German system of propaganda has been let loose throughout the country to stir up opposition to any proposition of loans to the allies.

Baron Reading and his associates on the commission remained in strict seclusion this morning in the Hotel Biltmore. Only a few visitors were admitted to the suite they occupy on one of the uppermost floors of the hotel and all information was refused concerning their deliberations.

It was stated that a brief statement of each day's proceedings would be given out by Basil P. Blackett, one of the English delegates, as the only communication that could be made at present.

The commission found soon after its arrival that the movements of its members and all visitors were being watched by supposed German spies. Suspicious characters were discovered in the corridors of the hotel watching and listening around the rooms of the delegates.

It was considered advisable for the commission to remain in the hotel rather than go down to the Wall Street region for conferences with financiers. The report that meetings would be held in the Chamber of Commerce was pronounced untrue, as the members had no desire to go to so public a place, nor did the mixed membership of the Chamber, which includes prominent Germans, relish the idea of harboring representatives of two belligerents.

Reports have been received that propaganda agitation is coming to the surface in various cities designed to keep bankers from participating in any loan to the allies. The plan so far as developed appears to be to instigate depositors to inform banks that they do not approve of the transaction and to threaten withdrawal of deposits if the bank subscribes.

From New York bankers who have talked with the visitors it was learned to-day that no definite propositions have been advanced by either side. The Americans have informed the British that loans can be negotiated and credit accounts established for international commercial transactions.

Satisfactory rate of interest, not less than 5 per cent.

Good security, preferably American bonds and stocks now owned abroad. Establishment of dollar exchange, whereby bills of exchange for international commercial transactions.

### U. S. TROOPER SLAIN, TWO WOUNDED BY MEXICAN BANDITS

Cavalry Border Patrol Members Fall Under Bullets of Gang Near Brownsville.

BROWNSVILLE, Tex., Sept. 12.—One United States trooper was killed and two others wounded, one probably fatally, when a gang of Mexican bandits early to-day attacked the American patrol of seven men at an irrigation pumping plant several miles up the river from this point.

The soldier killed was Private Kraft, who received a wound through the head. Private Forney was shot through the back and is expected to die. Private Walsh, also wounded, is not considered in a serious condition. The firing was heard by nearby detachments, but assistance which was rushed to the beleaguered men arrived too late. The squad of troopers was fired upon from the darkness by a gang of forty. It is believed the bandits have crossed into Mexico.

The men were from Troop C, Twelfth Cavalry, and were in charge of a non-commissioned officer.

Immediately upon receipt of a report of the fight Col. A. P. Blockson, commanding at Fort Brown left for the scene to make an investigation. Before leaving, Col. Blockson issued orders doubling the United States army guard, both at the International Ferry and the International Bridge here lest renewal of the border warfare occur.

### FOUR WOMEN INJURED BY FALL OF ELEVATOR

Temporary Operator Loses Control of Lift in Columbia Building on Broadway.

While Julius Pressman, a hallman of the Columbia Building at No. 29 Broadway, was temporarily in charge of one of the elevators to-day he lost control while descending past the third floor. The car hit the bottom of the shaft with a heavy impact. The operator and the four young women in the car were lying dazed on the floor when Policeman John J. Skelly and employees of the building pried open the doors of the car.

Miss Alice Melenda, a stenographer, of No. 285 Macon Street, Brooklyn, was badly hurt internally and was taken to Hudson Street Hospital. Miss Clara De Gomar, a translator, of No. 78 Buffalo Avenue, Brooklyn, thought cut and bruised painfully, refused to go to the hospital. Josephine Mertling of No. 12 Park Place, Brooklyn, and Helen Fricke of No. 1575 Gates Avenue, Brooklyn, both stenographers, suffered from hysteria due to shock. Pressman, though bruised, was able to continue at work.

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### SANT' ANNA SAFE; CAPTAIN REPORTS FIRE IN HOLD OUT

Blaze Started on Fabre Liner at Sea With 1,938 on Board.

MAKING FOR AZORES.

Officials Here Think Bomb May Have Been Placed Aboard Her Here.

The following wireless message was received at 3 o'clock this afternoon at the Fabre Line offices in this city from Capt. Francois Pavy of the steamship Sant' Anna which was reported by wireless to Halifax last night as on fire and in grave danger in mid-Atlantic.

"Fire No. 2 held. Fire is out. Proceeding to Azores escorted by Ancona." (signed) PAVY.

The Sant' Anna left New York for Naples and Genoa last Wednesday evening with 17 first cabin, 44 second cabin and 1,973 steerage passengers and a crew of 175, a total of 1,938 persons. The Ancona of the Italian Line left New York for Genoa on the same date and was probably close to the Sant' Anna when the latter ship sent out her wireless call of distress.

The first intimation of difficulty about the Sant' Anna reached Halifax late last night in the shape of a wireless message stating that the vessel was on fire and in need of assistance in latitude 40.23 north, longitude 47.30 west. No other information was received until Capt. Pavy's aerogram came to D. H. E. Jones, senior member of the firm of Elwell & Co., the Fabre agents, this afternoon.

While waiting for definite news Mr. Jones and shipping men generally were greatly concerned, although they felt quite sure that the Ancona was near enough to the Sant' Anna to render assistance. There are several Americans in the Sant' Anna's first cabin and the entire steerage is occupied by reservists on the way to join the Italian army.

Although the Sant' Anna and the Fabre Line pier were guarded by a small army of detectives and city police while she was taking on cargo here, Mr. Jones is of the opinion that a spy sneaked aboard and concealed fire bombs in the cargo. The Sant' Anna carries no munitions of war, but there have been suspicious fires on other boats of the Fabre Line fleet.

Mr. Jones has sent a notification to Capt. Pavy in care of the agents of the line at the Azores to send full particulars of the fire. That the blaze started in the cargo, which was stored with the greatest of care to avoid all danger of spontaneous combustion, is regarded as suspicious by the agents of the line.

### NAVAL FORCES BATTLE ON THE ADRIATIC SEA

Rome Reports that an Austrian Torpedo Boat Was Seriously Damaged.

ROME, Sept. 13.—(Via Paris)—A battle between Italian and Austrian naval forces, the former assisted by a French submarine, occurred on Thursday last in the Adriatic Sea. The Ministry of Marine to-day made the following announcement:

"The French submarine Papin, assisted by our naval forces, torpedoed on Sept. 9 in the Adriatic near Cape Planka a group of Austrian torpedo-boats, one of which was damaged seriously."

### 800,000 SCHOLARS IN CITY'S SCHOOLS; 40,000 PART TIME

Buildings in Greater City Prove Inadequate to House All Pupils.

GARY PLAN IS TRIED.

Brooklyn and Bronx Show Greatest Increase in Number of Enrollments.

More than 800,000 boys and girls reported at 9 o'clock this morning for study in the public schools. That is the number as estimated at the Department of Education. Registration figures will not be in hand for nearly a week. It is expected that nearly 40,000 children will be on "part time" at school, being given only half a day of instruction daily.

The greatest increase in attendance was in Brooklyn, the Bronx and Queens. These boroughs have increased so rapidly in population of late that the supply of schools cannot keep up with the demand. Even if the Board of Estimate had granted the appropriation of \$6,000,000 asked for last November to erect eighteen new schools and additions throughout Greater New York, Brooklyn and the Bronx would still be short of accommodations.

It is expected that the high schools will be more crowded than ever and have a greater proportion of "part time" pupils. So many boys and girls between fourteen and twenty years find it impossible to get work that they return to school for at least one more term. Hundreds of them could be seen this morning enrolling in all upper grade schools, whether for full or part time. A typical example was the Morris High School in the Bronx. Dr. John H. Denbigh, the principal, said that the total registration here would probably reach 4,800, which is between 500 and 600 more than that of last year.

The school has seating accommodations for 2,328; so the pupils are divided into what is really two schools, each with a long half-day session. The plan seems to work fairly well, but the pupils cannot, of course, make as satisfactory progress as if they had a full day's work on the regular plan.

One of the busiest and pleasantest schools in all New York was Public School No. 25, at Tremont and Anthony Avenues, the Bronx. Here the Gary plan, invented by William Wirt, was in full operation. Half the pupils came to school at 8:30 A.M. and began work in the classroom. At 9:30 the other half of the pupils reported. These went to work in the vocational department of the school, learning how to do carpentry, cooking, gardening, painting and a dozen other trades. At half past 10 o'clock the first division went out to the playground, garden and workshop, while the second division took their places in the classrooms.

Eight schools in the Bronx have been designated for the operation of the Gary plan, but only No. 25 was ready. The lack of funds because of the Board of Estimate's action will delay the other seven for a long time. Just before the schools closed last June the "part time" pupils were as follows: Manhattan, 1,747; Bronx, 12,810; Brooklyn, 15,548; Queens, 2,697; Richmond, 24; high schools, 4,303; total, 38,169. It is expected that the "part time" will occur in about the same proportions this year, with the Bronx running to 14,000 and Brooklyn to 17,000. The actual registration of the children will be completed on Wednesday.

### AUSTRIAN BARON WHO IS ADMINISTERING THE DUTIES OF DUMBA.



### 46-MINUTE TIE UP OF SUBWAY TRAINS

Blow Up Stops Traffic Between Bridge and Ninety-Sixth Street.

A short circuit at Ninety-sixth Street, the cause of which had not been determined late this afternoon, tied up the subway from Ninety-sixth Street to the Brooklyn Bridge for forty-six minutes this afternoon. The accident occurred at 1:23 and it was not until 2:09 that the break was remedied and traffic resumed.

The accident occurred at a time when traffic in the subway is lightest during the day and it is estimated by the Interborough people that not more than 12,000 persons were discommodated. Fearing a blowout all along the line, the power was shut off. Then the boundaries of the mishap were located between the bridge and Ninety-sixth Street. From the latter point cars were turned back and resumed running from there to Van Cortlandt Park and from the Brooklyn Bridge to Atlantic Avenue in Brooklyn.

The passengers caught in the restricted area were told to leave their cars and walk to the nearest stations. No accidents of any serious nature were reported. Miss Mary Regan of No. 436 East One Hundred and Thirty-eighth Street was a heroine of the tieup. While men were rude and eager to get out of the train stalled between Ninety-eighth and One Hundredth Street, Mrs. Florence Murray of No. 1226 Southern Boulevard, who had three children with her, the eldest being five years old, fainted. Miss Regan, tall, slender and brown-eyed, with a mass of auburn hair, quietly picked up the eldest child and carried her to the Ninety-sixth Street platform. She made three similar trips, the last time taking with her Mrs. Murray, who had just opened her eyes and was beginning to get hysterical over her missing kiddies.

### Americans, Held for Ransom by Mexicans, Make Escape.

EL PASO, Tex., Sept. 13.—John Lowenbruck, an American ranchman, kidnapped last week by Mexican bandits taken across the border near Columbus, N. M., and held for a \$20,000 ransom, has escaped his captors, according to a despatch early to-day from Hachita, N. M., to the Times. The kidnapping of Lowenbruck had been referred to the State and War Departments at Washington.

Ex-Gov. Harris of Ohio Dead. EATON, O., Sept. 13.—Andrew L. Harris, former Governor of Ohio died here early to-day. He was Governor from 1906 to 1909 inclusive. Mr. Harris was a graduate of Miami University and for the last thirty years had been one of Ohio's leading citizens. He was eighty years old.

### HOT TELEGRAMS ABOUT DUMBA BETWEEN VIENNA AND BERLIN

### ARABIC CASE UP BEFORE LANSING AND BERNSTORFF

German Ambassador Once More Asks for Arbitration of the Matter.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 13.—Count von Bernstorff went to the State Department at noon to-day to confer with Secretary Lansing. Mr. Lansing, before seeing the Ambassador, went to the White House to talk with the President.

Mr. Lansing left the President after a forty minute conference. He declined to talk.

Von Bernstorff reached the State Department at 12 o'clock and remained for half an hour. He told reporters that he had nothing to say further than that he had no appointment to see the President. Secretary Lansing would not discuss the visit.

Secretary Lansing said after his conference with President Wilson that no decision had yet been reached by the United States on Germany's proposal to arbitrate the Arabic case. It was indicated in official quarters that both Germany and the United States agree that to arbitrate the question of indemnity involves arbitrating the justification and the facts. It was generally believed that before the United States would enter into formal negotiations on the Arabic case, it would be necessary first to confirm Germany's assurances of the cessation of attack by submarines on liners.

Germany's explanation of the unsuccessful attempt to destroy the Cunard liner Orduna on July 9 is that the submarine commander violated his instructions, which were not to attack any liner, but that because of the weather he was unable to make out the character or nationality of the Orduna.

It was learned that von Bernstorff told the State Department that such incidents as that of the Arabic will continue to occur until Great Britain disavows orders to commanders of merchantmen to ram submarines on all occasions.

Germany, it was said, looks to the United States to undertake to secure such a disavowal from the British as a viewpoint, of proving America's real neutrality.

There was a report that by "full satisfaction" for such incidents as that of the Arabic, Germany means only "full regrets." Arbitration, it will be pointed out, will be absolutely necessary as Germany views the matter, to settle such controversies, inasmuch as the Kaiser will not recognize Americans' rights to traverse the war zone in belligerent ships.

### SUBMARINE ATTACKS A NORWEGIAN SHIP.

Presto, Laden With Lumber, Damaged, but Crew Is Rescued.

LONDON, Sept. 15.—An attack with gunfire on a neutral ship by a German submarine is reported in a despatch from Christiania to Reuters' Telegram Company. The submarine is said to have fired upon the Norwegian ship Presto, with a cargo of wood, last Friday. The crew was saved.

### Foreign Minister Burian Believes the Ambassador Acted Under the Influence of Bernstorff, but the Hungarian Party Defends Acts.

### EMPEROR IS DISPLEASED WITH ATTITUDE OF U. S.

GENEVA, Switzerland (via Paris), Sept. 13.—The Vienna morning newspapers are replete with leading articles on the news of the demand for the recall of Dumba, the Austrian Ambassador to the United States.

From these articles it would appear that the request for his recall has divided Austro-Hungarian statesmen into two camps. Those of the party of Baron Burian, the Foreign Minister, apparently are persuaded that Ambassador Dumba acted under the influence of Count von Bernstorff, the German Ambassador to the United States, without orders from the home Government.

The Hungarian party believes that Dr. Dumba did his duty in order to prevent arms and ammunition reaching the powers of the quadruple entente.

### UNDERSTANDING WITH GERMANY ON THE ARABIC?

Von Bernstorff and Lansing Said to Have Come to an Amicable Arrangement.

(By United Press.)

WASHINGTON, Sept. 13.—An "amicable understanding" was reached at to-day's conference between Ambassador Bernstorff and Secretary of State Lansing. It was officially stated this afternoon. But a point of great danger in the German-American situation, it was learned on the best of authority, threatens future friction.

There was good reason to believe that this "understanding" concerned only the case of the Arabic. America, it was understood, has agreed to arbitration on the question as to whether the U-boat commander, in this particular instance, was warranted in believing the liner was attempting to ram his submersible.

### B. N. DUKE STRICKEN AFTER FRIEND'S FUNERAL

Tobacco Magnate Suffers Nervous Breakdown and Doctors Order Absolute Rest.

(Special to The Evening World.)

DURHAM, N. C., Sept. 13.—Benjamin N. Duke, who arrived in Durham last Friday to attend the funeral of J. E. Stagg yesterday afternoon, suffered a nervous breakdown at his home on West Chapelhill Street in this city. The first news of the tobacco man's illness leaked out this morning when it was reported that Mr. Duke's physicians had denied him all callers. The doctors said that while they did not consider Mr. Duke's illness of a serious nature he would have to have absolute quiet and rest. The death of Mr. Stagg, who was Mr. Duke's close friend and for many years his private secretary, affected him deeply.

Mr. Duke attended the Stagg funeral but immediately afterward went home and has since been confined to his room.

J. B. Duke was scheduled to leave Durham this morning, but his brother's illness caused him to defer his departure indefinitely.

It is learned from the newspaper articles that Emperor Francis Joseph was displeased when he learned of the action that had been taken by the United States in the case of the Ambassador, and that in substance he expressed the view that the personality of the Austrian Ambassador was a sufficient guarantee against statements attributed to him by the United States which were without a solid basis in fact.

It is declared likewise that telegrams of somewhat bitter tone were exchanged on the subject between Foreign Minister Burian and Dr. von Bethmann-Hollweg, the German Chancellor. The German Emperor is declared to have been greatly interested in the development and to have recalled Foreign Minister von Jagow to Berlin, the Foreign Minister having been preparing on Saturday to go to Vienna.

The question of diplomatic ruptures with the United States is being discussed by the papers.

LENEX, Mass., Sept. 13.—Dr. Constantin Theodor Dumba was preparing to-day to leave his summer home here within a very short time. He has engaged a packer to prepare his personal effects for shipment and has also notified his chauffeur that he would not require his services after the end of the week.

It was said at the office of the Embassy Staff to-day that no formal statement on Dr. Dumba's recall was ready for publication. It was understood that this would be withheld until official advice had been received from the Austrian foreign office at Vienna.

Madame Dumba will leave Lenox for New York Wednesday morning. She will go to a New York hotel to await the arrival of Dr. Dumba from Lenox.

### NEW YORK RIFLEMEN WIN M'ALPIN TROPHY

United States Marines Second and New Jersey Third at Sea Girt.

SEA GIRT, N. J., Sept. 13.—New York won the rifle match for the McAlpin trophy here to-day with a score of 1107. The Marines were second with 1095. New Jersey was third with 1055 and the District of Columbia fourth with 1023.

(Continued on Second Page.)